Highest Grossing Films: Box Office Analysis			
Your Name:			
1. Which film initially failed at the box office but is now considered by some to be better than The Shining?			
☐ A. Doctor Sleep			
☐ B. Donnie Darko			
☐ C. Fight Club			
☐ D. Dazed and Confused			
☐ A. True			
☐ A. True ☐ B. False			
3. What significant technological innovation in the 1920s drastically changed the film industry by adding dialogue and music to movies?			
4. The traditional theatrical release window, which specifies how			

budget.					
1. The Shawshank Redemption	A. Did not make its money back in theaters				
2. Doctor Sleep	B. Made less than its operating budget				
3. Dazed and Confused	C. Basically broke even on its production budget				
4. Mulholland Drive	D. Made significantly less than its production budget				
6. What is meant by 'pre-sale distribution' in the context of film distribution?					
☐ A. The film is distributed to theaters	for early screenings.				
$\ \square$ B. The film is sold directly to viewers before its theatrical release.					
\square C. The film distributor buys the rights after the film has been released.					
$\hfill \square$ D. The distributor agrees to buy the film before it is even finished.					
7. Global earnings are generally considered the most accurate measure of a film's cultural impact and audience reach.					
☐ A. True					
☐ B. False					

5. Match the film to its initial financial performance relative to its

8. What type of distribution deal involves the distributor getting a percentage of the profits, giving them an incentive to promote the film aggressively?				
9. IMAX film cameras shoot on a massive 65mm film stock with				
amount of detail.	s per frame, capturing an incredible			
10. Match the box office metr	ic to what it primarily measures.			
1. Ticket sales	A. Total money a film makes worldwide			
2. Inflation- adjusted figures	B. Number of people who went to see the film			
3. Global earnings	C. Comparison of films across different time periods fairly			
•	ern for the film industry if the trend of s, and genre dominance continues?			
☐ A. Over-saturation of the marke	et with too many films.			
☐ B. A creative monoculture and less diverse cinematic output.				
C. An increase in independent filmmaking.				
☐ D. A decline in the number of la	arge-scale blockbusters.			

12. Hollywood blockbusters suddenly appeared recently and were not built on decades of historical film industry development.				
☐ A. True				
☐ B. False				
13. Beyond enhanced cleaning and another type of amenity theaters a experience for audiences?	d touchless ticketing, what is are offering to improve the overall			
14. The Jazz Singer in the 1920s int films, which fundamentally change				
15. Match the film with an aspect to recognition as a classic despite initial.				
1. Doctor Sleep	A. Audiences needed time to catch up to its distinct style			
2. Fight Club	B. Awards buzz, critical acclaim, and home video built its reputation			
3. Mulholland Drive	C. Exploded into a cult hit after hitting home video			
4. The Shawshank Redemption	D. Short theatrical run before streaming			

16. What is one key characteristic of modern IMAX theaters' projectors, differentiating them from original IMAX projectors?				
\square A. They rely solely on analog film projection.				
$\ \square$ B. They incorporate three different color lasers.				
$\hfill \Box$ C. They require more frequent manual calibration.				
☐ D. They use larger Xenon bulbs.				
17. The shrinking theatrical release windows lead to less tension between streaming services and traditional theaters.				
☐ A. True				
☐ B. False				
another way Hollywood evaluates success, particularly for a massive hit film?				
19. One of the key innovations in immersive cinema experiences like 4DX involves motion seats that, vibrate, and tilt in sync with the on-screen action.				
20. Which of these factors contributes to the increased budgets and spectacle of current blockbusters?				
☐ A. Advancements in CGI and digital effects.				
☐ B. Focus on smaller, independent films.				
C. Decreased global market reach.				

21. IMAX cameras are lightweight and easy to use on set due to their advanced design.
☐ A. True
☐ B. False
22. What is the primary method theaters are using to counter the threat of streaming services and attract audiences back?
23. The older film distribution model, with longer theatrical runs and physical media rentals, inadvertently provided a 'fertile ground' for which type of film to build a following?
24. What is a characteristic of IMAX theater design, specifically related to seating, that enhances the viewing experience?
☐ A. Flat, evenly spaced rows for easy access.
☐ B. Padded benches for communal viewing.
\square C. Rotating seats that follow the screen action.
$\ \square$ D. Unusually steep stadium seating for unobstructed views.
25. The film industry is primarily focused on making movies accessible anywhere, anytime on any device, even at the expense of communal viewing experiences.
☐ A. True
☐ B. False

26. What specific type of technology are theaters utilizing for operational efficiency, such as chatbot bookings and predictive maintenance for projectors?				
27. In the studio system era of the 1930s, major companies like MGM and Warner Bros. operated like 'giant movie', shaping stars and genres.				
28. What is one innovative marketing and distribution strategy employed by modern blockbusters?				
\square A. Relying solely on word-of-mouth promotion.				
☐ B. Having long, unpredictable theatrical runs.				
☐ C. Prioritizing DVD sales over streaming releases.				
$\hfill \square$ D. Utilizing massive marketing campaigns and strategic release dates.				
29. Independent filmmakers typically handle film distribution entirely in-house without external sales agents or festivals.				
☐ A. True				
☐ B. False				
30. What specific aspect of the IMAX screen design, beyond its size, contributes to filling the viewer's peripheral vision and enhancing immersion?				